

Diseases  
IntelligencePENICILLIN RESISTANT GONORRHOEA

Bulletin 18 (1977) reported that 36 cases of gonorrhoea caused by a  $\beta$ -lactamase producing strain of N. gonorrhoeae had been detected in Australia up to the beginning of September last year.

A continuing surveillance of this disease in Australia is being maintained, and since that report 2 more cases have been recorded. The first was noted in December 1977 by the State Health Laboratory in Brisbane, and involved a male who had been in contact with a prostitute in Sydney one week before attending the clinic. The organism was resistant to both ampicillin and streptomycin, and penicillinase production was detected by a chromogenic cephalosporin test.

The second case occurred in Darwin in January this year in a 40 year old male whose contact was in Manila. Laboratory investigation for penicillinase production was initiated when the disease failed to respond to amoxycillin.

There are a number of tests available for the detection of  $\beta$ -lactamase production in bacteria. These usually involve detection of a pH change in an antibiotic-dye mixture such as penicillin and phenol red (Ref. American J. of Clinical Pathology September 1977 p. 351). It is suggested that N. gonorrhoeae isolates with an M.I.C. > 2 mcg/ml against penicillin be routinely tested for  $\beta$ -lactamase production.

ISOLATION OF RUBELLA VIRUS LENS TISSUE (contributed by the staff of the Royal Children's Hospital, Melbourne)

Three patients with congenital cataracts were admitted for aspiration of the cataracts. Although more had been evaluated by a virus laboratory in early post-natal life, two cases, aged 6 months and 24 months, were considered to be rubella embryopathies on clinical grounds and maternal history. The third, a 24 month male, had cerebral palsy with no known maternal history of rubella contact.

Rubella virus was isolated from the lens aspirate of all three. This highlights the fact that infectious virus is present in lens tissue long after the virus has ceased to be excreted in the throat and urine, and that all cases of congenital cataracts should be investigated even when rubella embryopathy is doubtful on clinical grounds.

PARVOVIRUS SUSPECTED IN GASTROENTERITIS OUTBREAK (contributed by P.J. Christopher, G.S. Grohmann, R.H. Millsom, A.M. Murphy, Health Commission of N.S.W., Western Metropolitan Health Region)

An outbreak of gastrointestinal illness occurred during October, 1977 in a small semi-rural primary school and over 200 pupils and teachers were affected.

The illness was characterised by sudden onset of nausea, frequently accompanied by vomiting and/or diarrhoea. There were also complaints of abdominal cramps, malaise and fever. The illness usually lasted from 1 to 3 days. The Regional Office became involved when the teachers became aware of the pattern of disease, and when the degree of absenteeism alarmed them.

An infectious cause was suspected and measures to prevent cross infection were instituted at the school. Finally, after consultation with the Principal and the Area Director of Education, and in an attempt to break any possible chain of infection, letters were sent home to parents advising them to keep at home for a week those children who had not been ill.

It was probably one of the largest investigations of an outbreak ever undertaken in N.S.W. Specimens for examination, including blood and throat gargles, were collected from some of the children ill in their homes. Samples of food sold at the school canteen and samples of the school's water were also submitted for examination.

Exhaustive investigations to identify the cause involved four different laboratories: The Bacteriology and Virology Laboratories of the Institute of Clinical Pathology and Medical Research, and the Food and Water Laboratories of the Govt. Analyst, Lidcombe, N.S.W. Over 60 individual samples and specimens were subjected to a variety of chemical, bacteriological and virology culture tests and analyses.

However, initially no cause was found which could be attributed to the outbreak. This is unusual for an outbreak of such a size. Advice has now been received from An I.C.P.M.R. Virologist that parvovirus-like particles were seen under an electron microscope in over 18 of the specimens from the children so far examined, and tests are continuing.

Parvoviruses are small viruses that have been shown to cause similar gastrointestinal illness outbreaks in Britain and the U.S.A., but an outbreak attributed to this group of viruses has not been previously recorded in Australia.

The method of spread of parvoviruses is not well established. There is no specific drug or immunizing agent available. Fortunately, the illness resolves in a few days without complications.

A fuller treatise is published in The Medical Journal of Australia February, 11 1978.

AUSTRIA - COMMUNICABLE DISEASES INTELLIGENCE

REPORTING PERIOD - 9 February '78 - 22 Feb. '78 BULLETIN NUMBER 78/4  
 VIRAL IDENTIFICATIONS FROM CONTRIBUTING LABORATORIES

VIRUS OR VIRAL ANTIGEN	ICPMR (NSW)/ wVH (ACT)	RAHC (NSW)	PHH/ POW (NSW)	FAIR- FIELD (VIC)	RCH (VIC)	IMVS (SA)	STATE LAB (QLD)	STATE LAB (WA)	TOTAL
0100 ADENOVIRUS NOT TYPED.....	-	-	-	1	-	1	2	6	10
0101 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 1.....	3	-	-	-	-	2	-	2	7
0102 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 2.....	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	3	5
0103 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 3.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	4
0105 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 5.....	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	1	3
0107 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 7.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
0111 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 11.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
0119 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 19.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	7
0199 ADENOVIRUS TYPING PENDING.....	-	-	-	-	4	2	-	-	6
0201 INFLUENZA A VIRUS.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
0202 INFLUENZA A VIRUS SUBTYPE H3N2.....	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
0203 INFLUENZA B VIRUS.....	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2
0302 PARAINFLUENZA VIRUS TYPE 2.....	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
0303 PARAINFLUENZA VIRUS TYPE 3.....	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	-	5
0399 PARAINFLUENZA VIRUS TYPING PENDING.....	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
0400 RESPIRATORY SYNCYTIAL VIRUS (RS)....	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	3
0500 RHINOVIRUS (ALL TYPES).....	2	-	-	2	-	-	2	-	6
0600 MYCOPLASMA PNEUMONIAE.....	10	-	-	8	-	-	3	5	26
0700 ORNITHOSIS-PSITTACOSIS.....	2	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	4
0800 COXSACKIEVIRUSES GROUP A - NOT TYPED.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
0816 COXSACKIEVIRUS A16.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
0901 COXSACKIEVIRUS B1.....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	3	4
0904 COXSACKIEVIRUS B4.....	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
1009 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 9.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	2	6
1011 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 11.....	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	5
1014 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 14.....	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
1015 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 15.....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	5	6
1017 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 17.....	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	2
1018 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 18.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1019 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 19.....	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
1021 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 21.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1022 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 22.....	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	2
1029 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 29.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
1030 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 30.....	-	-	1	3	-	-	1	-	5

## AUSTRALIA - COMMUNICABLE DISEASES INTELLIGENCE

REPORTING PERIOD - 9 February '78 - 22 Feb. '78 BULLETIN NUMBER 78/4  
 VIRAL IDENTIFICATIONS FROM CONTRIBUTING LABORATORIES - CONTINUED

VIRUS OR VIRAL ANTIGEN	ICPMR (NSW)/ WVH (ACT)	RAHC (NSW)	PHH/ POW (NSW)	FAIR- FIELD (VIC)	RCH (VIC)	IMVS (SA)	STATE LAB (QLD)	STATE LAB (WA)	TOTAL
1032 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 32.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1101 POLIOVIRUS TYPE 1.....	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	1	5
1102 POLIOVIRUS TYPE 2.....	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	2
1103 POLIOVIRUS TYPE 3.....	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2
1104 POLIOVIRUS-VACCINAL STRAIN.....	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
1200 MUMPS VIRUS.....	1	-	-	1	-	9	1	-	12
1300 HERPES VIRUS GROUP-NOT TYPED.....	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	3
1301 HERPES SIMPLEX VIRUS-NOT TYPED.....	6	-	2	1	6	1	16	2	34
1303 VARICELLA-ZOSTER VIRUS.....	2	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	4
1306 HERPES SIMPLEX TYPE 1.....	7	-	-	7	-	11	-	7	32
1307 HERPES SIMPLEX TYPE 2.....	13	-	-	3	-	12	-	11	39
1401 COXIELLA BURNETI.....	4	-	-	5	-	2	9	-	20
1512 VACCINIA VIRUS.....	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2
1521 MEASLES VIRUS.....	1	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	5
1522 RUBELLA VIRUS.....	1	-	-	1	3	1	-	1	7
1532 HEPATITIS B ANTIGEN.....	3	1	16	25	-	7	11	5	68
1533 HEPATITIS B ANTIBODY.....	-	1	-	-	-	23	15	6	45
1543 LGV - LYMPHOGRANULOMA VENEREUM.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1556 CMV - CYTOMEGALOVIRUS.....	1	-	1	2	2	-	4	4	14
1562 REOVIRUS (ALL TYPES).....	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
1562 CORONAVIRUS.....	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	1	4
1564 ROTAVIRUS.....	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	1	5
1599 ENTEROVIRUS TYPING PENDING.....	-	1	-	-	3	8	-	-	12
TOTAL.....	62	6	24	70	25	106	77	65	455

AUSTRIA - COMMUNICABLE DISEASES INTELLIGENCE

REPORTING PERIOD - 9 February '78 - 22 Feb '78 BULLETIN NUMBER 78/4  
 VIRAL IDENTIFICATIONS CATEGORISED INTO SOURCE SPECIMENS

VIRUS OR VIRAL ANTIGEN	FA	FL	NA	CS	SK	EY	UR	BR	GE	OT	TOTAL
0100 ADENOVIRUS NOT TYPED.....	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10
0101 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 1.....	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	7
0102 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 2.....	1	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
0103 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 3.....	1	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	4
0105 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 5.....	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	3
0107 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 7.....	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1
0111 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 11.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
0119 ADENOVIRUS TYPE 19.....	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	-	1	-	7
0199 ADENOVIRUS TYPING PENDING.....	3	-	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	6
0201 INFLUENZA A VIRUS.....	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
0202 INFLUENZA A VIRUS SUBTYPE H3N2.....	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
0203 INFLUENZA B VIRUS.....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2
0302 PARAINFLUENZA VIRUS TYPE 2.....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
0303 PARAINFLUENZA VIRUS TYPE 3.....	-	-	4	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	5
0399 PARAINFLUENZA VIRUS TYPING PENDING.....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
0400 RESPIRATORY SYNCYTIAL VIRUS (RS).....	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
0500 RHINOVIRUS (ALL TYPES).....	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
0600 MYCOPLASMA PNEUMONIAE.....	-	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26
0700 ORNITHOSIS-PSITTACOSIS.....	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
0800 COXSACKIEVIRUSES GROUP A - NOT TYPED.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
0816 COXSACKIEVIRUS A16.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
0901 COXSACKIEVIRUS B1.....	2	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
0904 COXSACKIEVIRUS B4.....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1009 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 9.....	1	-	3	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	7
1011 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 11.....	1	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
1014 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 14.....	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
1015 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 15.....	2	-	1	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
1017 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 17.....	2	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	4
1018 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 18.....	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1019 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 19.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1021 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 21.....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1022 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 22.....	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
1029 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 29.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1030 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 30.....	1	-	5	3	-	-	1	-	-	-	10
1032 ECHOVIRUS TYPE 32.....	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

## AUSTRALIA - COMMUNICABLE DISEASES INTELLIGENCE

 REPORTING PERIOD - 9 February '78 - 22 Feb '78 BULLETIN NUMBER 78/4  
 VIRAL IDENTIFICATIONS CATEGORISED INTO SOURCE SPECIMENS - CONTINUED

VIRUS OR VIRAL ANTIGEN	EA	BL	NA	CS	SK	EY	UR	BR	GF	OT	TOTAL
1101 POLIOVIRUS TYPE 1.....	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
1102 POLIOVIRUS TYPE 2.....	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
1103 POLIOVIRUS TYPE 3.....	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
1104 POLIOVIRUS-VACCINAL STRAIN.....	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	2
1200 MUMPS VIRUS.....	-	8	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	12
1300 HERPES VIRUS GROUP-NOT TYPED.....	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
1301 HERPES SIMPLEX VIRUS-NOT TYPED.....	-	2	8	-	5	2	-	-	13	3	33
1303 VARICELLA-ZOSTER VIRUS.....	-	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	4
1306 HERPES SIMPLEX TYPE 1.....	-	-	9	-	16	-	-	-	6	2	33
1307 HERPES SIMPLEX TYPE 2.....	-	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	32	-	40
1401 COXIELLA BURNETI.....	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20
1512 VACCINIA VIRUS.....	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
1521 MEASLES VIRUS.....	-	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6
1522 RUBELLA VIRUS.....	-	3	1	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	8
1532 HEPATITIS B ANTIGEN.....	-	68	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68
1533 HEPATITIS B ANTIBODY.....	-	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45
1543 LGV - LYMPHOGRANULOMA VENEREUM.....	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
1556 CMV - CYTOMEGALOVIRUS.....	-	2	7	-	-	-	5	-	1	1	16
1562 REOVIRUS (ALL TYPES).....	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
1562 CORONAVIRUS.....	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
1564 ROTAVIRUS.....	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
1599 ENTEROVIRUS TYPING PENDING.....	5	-	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
TOTAL.....	52	193	75	21	35	18	13	1	54	6	468



10. 2. '78

LIST B COMMUNICABLE DISEASES AND AGENTS NOTIFIED AFTER HOSPITAL AND LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS

DISEASES	CASES NOTIFIED DURING WEEK								CUMULATIVE TOTAL - year to date*							
	N.S.W.	VIC.	QLD.	S.A.	W.A.	TAS.	A.C.T.	N.T.	N.S.W.	VIC.	QLD.	S.A.	W.A.	TAS.	A.C.T.	N.T.
AMOEBIASIS	N.N.				1				N.N.		1		1			
ANKYLOSTOMIASIS	N.N.				1				N.N.				2			
ARBO VIRUS INFECTION			N.N.		N.N.						N.N.		N.N.			
DENGUE					N.N.								N.N.			
MURRAY VALLEY ENCEPHALITIS			N.N.	N.N.	N.N.		N.N.				N.N.	N.N.	N.N.		N.N.	
OTHER (STATE TYPE)				N.N.	N.N.		N.N.					N.N.	N.N.		N.N.	
HYDATID									1			1				
MALARIA		1	1		1		1		1	7	7		7		4	
ORNITHOSIS (PSITTACOSIS, etc)										*	0					
Q. FEVER	2						N.N.		4		43				N.N.	
SALMONELLA (LABORATORY ISOLATES)	40	1	9	8	2			2	136	25	23	56	* 23	2	5	7
SHIGELLA (LABORATORY ISOLATES)	N.N.		5					8	N.N.		22	4				32

N.N. - NOT NOTIFIABLE

\* - INCLUDES ADJUSTMENTS FOR REVISED DIAGNOSIS OR OTHER AMENDMENT.

QLD. (+) - MONTHLY NOTIFICATION OF GONORRHOEA AND SYPHILIS.

Director-General of Health



3. 2. '78

LIST B COMMUNICABLE DISEASES AND AGENTS NOTIFIED AFTER HOSPITAL AND LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS

DISEASES	CASES NOTIFIED DURING WEEK								CUMULATIVE TOTAL - year to date*							
	N.S.W.	VIC.	QLD.	S.A.	W.A.	TAS.	A.C.T.	N.T.	N.S.W.	VIC.	QLD.	S.A.	W.A.	TAS.	A.C.T.	N.T.
AMOEBIASIS	N.N.								N.N.		1					
ANKYLOSTOMIASIS	N.N.								N.N.				1			
ARBO VIRUS INFECTION			N.N.		N.N.						N.N.		N.N.			
DENGUE					N.N.								N.N.			
MURRAY VALLEY ENCEPHALITIS			N.N.	N.N.	N.N.		N.N.				N.N.	N.N.	N.N.		N.N.	
OTHER (STATE TYPE)				N.N.	N.N.		N.N.					N.N.	N.N.		N.N.	
HYDATID									1			1				
MALARIA	1		1		1		1		1	6	6		6			3
ORNITHOSIS (PSITTACOSIS, etc)										1						
Q. FEVER							N.N.		2		43				N.N.	
SALMONELLA (LABORATORY ISOLATES)	18	1	3	8	2	1	3		96	24	14	48	19	2	5	5
SHIGELLA (LABORATORY ISOLATES)	N.N.		2	1				1	N.N.		17	4				24

N.N. - NOT NOTIFIABLE

\* - INCLUDES ADJUSTMENTS FOR REVISED DIAGNOSIS OR OTHER AMENDMENT.

QLD. (+) - MONTHLY NOTIFICATION OF GONORRHOEA AND SYPHILLIS.

Director-General of Health



27. 1. '78

LIST B COMMUNICABLE DISEASES AND AGENTS NOTIFIED AFTER HOSPITAL AND LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS

DISEASES	CASES NOTIFIED DURING WEEK									CUMULATIVE TOTAL - year to date*						
	N.S.W.	VIC.	QLD.	S.A.	W.A.	TAS.	A.C.T.	N.T.	N.S.W.	VIC.	QLD.	S.A.	W.A.	TAS.	A.C.T.	V.T.
AMOEBIASIS	N.N.		1						N.N.		1					
ANKYLOSTOMIASIS	N.N.				1				N.N.				1			
ARBO VIRUS INFECTION			N.N.		N.N.						N.N.		N.N.			
DENGUE					N.N.								N.N.			
MURRAY VALLEY ENCEPHALITIS			N.N.	N.N.	N.N.		N.N.				N.N.	N.N.	N.N.		N.N.	
OTHER (STATE TYPE)				N.N.	N.N.		N.N.					N.N.	N.N.		N.N.	
HYDATID									1			1				
MALARIA		1	2		1					6	5		5			2
ORNITHOSIS (PSITTACOSIS, etc)		1								1						
Q. FEVER	1		38				N.N.		2		43					N.N.
SALMONELLA (LABORATORY ISOLATES)	54	11	3	8	3		1	1	78	23	11	40	17	1	2	5
SHIGELLA (LABORATORY ISOLATES)	N.N.		5					6	N.N.		15	3				23

N.N. - NOT NOTIFIABLE

\* - INCLUDES ADJUSTMENTS FOR REVISED DIAGNOSIS OR OTHER AMENDMENT.

QLD. (+) - MONTHLY NOTIFICATION OF GONORRHOEA AND SYPHILLIS.

N.B. Notifications by Queensland for gonorrhoea and syphilis are for the month of January.Director-General of Health



20. 1. '78

LIST B COMMUNICABLE DISEASES AND AGENTS NOTIFIED AFTER HOSPITAL AND LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS

DISEASES	CASES NOTIFIED DURING WEEK								CUMULATIVE TOTAL - year to date*							
	N.S.W.	VIC.	QLD.	S.A.	W.A.	TAS.	A.C.T.	N.T.	N.S.W.	VIC.	QLD.	S.A.	W.A.	TAS.	A.C.T.	N.T.
AMOEBIASIS	N.N.								N.N.							
ANKYLOSTOMIASIS	N.N.								N.N.							
ARBO VIRUS INFECTION			N.N.		N.N.						N.N.		N.N.			
DENGUE					N.N.								N.N.			
MURRAY VALLEY ENCEPHALITIS			N.N.	N.N.	N.N.		N.N.				N.N.	N.N.	N.N.		N.N.	
OTHER (STATE TYPE)				N.N.	N.N.		N.N.					N.N.	N.N.		N.N.	
HYDATID									1			1				
MALARIA					1		1			5	3		4		2	
ORNITHOSIS (PSITTACOSIS, etc)																
Q. FEVER							N.N.		1		5				N.N.	
SALMONELLA (LABORATORY ISOLATES)	1	2	5	6	2			3	24	12	8	32	16	1	1	4
SHIGELLA (LABORATORY ISOLATES)	N.N.		2	2				6	N.N.		10	3				17

N.N. - NOT NOTIFIABLE

\* - INCLUDES ADJUSTMENTS FOR REVISED DIAGNOSIS OR OTHER AMENDMENT.

QLD. (+) - MONTHLY NOTIFICATION OF GONORRHOEA AND SYPHILIS.